## IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Paragraph beginning at line 12 of page 3 has been amended as follows:

The present invention has been made to solve the foregoing problem of the prior art, and an object of the present invention is therefore to provide a smart battery pack using an N-channel MOS transistor, which has characteristics superior to those of a P-channel MOS transistor, on the Lo side of the smart battery pack.

Paragraph beginning at line 3 of page 5 has been amended as follows:

An embodiment of the present invention is described below with reference to the accompanying drawings. Fig. 1 shows a smart battery pack according to Embodiment 1 of the present invention. The smart battery pack has, as in the prior art, a plus side terminal 11, a minus side terminal 12, terminals 13 and 14 for communicating with an electronic device, a resistor 3 for current detection, and a secondary battery 10.

Paragraph beginning at line 10 of page 5 has been amended as follows:

While <u>the</u> prior art uses P-channel MOS transistors on the Hi side, the present invention employs N-channel MOS transistors 24 and 25 on the Lo side.

Paragraph beginning at line 13 of page 5 has been amended as follows:

A protection or protective circuit 21 for protecting the secondary battery 10 has a function similar to the one in prior art and controls ON/OFF of the N-channel MOS transistors 24 and 25 in accordance with the state of the secondary battery 10. For instance, when the secondary battery 10 is in an over-discharged state, the protective circuit 21 turns the N-channel MOS transistor 24 off to prohibit discharge whereas the protective circuit 21 turns the N-channel MOS transistor 25 off to stop charging when the secondary battery 10 is in an overcharged state.

Paragraph beginning at line 19 of page 6 has been amended as follows:

A <u>calculation</u> circuit 22 for calculating the remaining capacity of the secondary battery 10 has, as in prior art, a function of monitoring the voltage of the

secondary battery 10 as well as the electric potential on each end of the current detection resistor 3 to measure a charge current, a discharge current, and the like. The measurement results are transmitted to an electronic device through the communication terminals 13 and 14 (upon request of the electronic device).

## Paragraph beginning at line 7 of page 9 has been amended as follows:

To transmit a signal from the smart battery pack to the electronic device, a level shifter circuit as the one shown in Fig. 4 can be employed. In Fig. 4, a terminal A is connected to the terminal 11 of Fig. 1, a terminal C is connected to the terminal 12 of Fig. 1, a terminal B is connected to the terminal 13 or 14 of Fig. 1, and a terminal D is, connected to the minus side of the secondary battery 10 of Fig. 1. In the case of Fig. 2, an input signal having a voltage level between the terminal 11 and the terminal 12 is sifted shifted to an output signal having a voltage level between the terminal 11 and the low side of the secondary battery. In the case of Fig. 4, an input signal having a voltage level between the terminal 11 and the low side of the secondary battery is sifted shifted to an output signal having a voltage level between the terminal 11 and the terminal 12.

Paragraph beginning at line 7 of page 11 has been amended as follows:

A smart battery pack of the present invention can use an N-channel MOS transistor, which is inexpensive and <u>has</u> high performance, as a Lo-side switch. The present invention is therefore capable of providing an inexpensive, high-performance smart battery pack.